Practical tips on interpreting semen analysis

Dr. Channa Jayasena PhD MRCP FRCPath

Clinical Lead & Consultant in Male Fertility / Andrology, Hammersmith Hospital Clinical Senior Lecturer in Reproductive Endocrinology, Imperial College London





1 in 8 couples seek fertility treatment

30-50% cases due to male factor

Centres for Disease Control and Prevention/ National Centre of Health Statistics. 2006-10.

Jargon buster

Oligospermia = low sperm concentration

Aesthenospermia = low sperm motility

Oligoaesthenospermia = O + A

Teratospermia = low percentage of normal sperm (<4%)

Azoospermia = no sperm

Causes of male infertility

Impaired sperm production

- Obesity, smoking, alcohol
- Infection chlamydia, gonorrhoea
- Chemotherapy
- Undescended testes
- Previous mumps or TB
- Kleinfelter's (XXY)
- Idiopathic

Obstruction – usually causes azoospermia

- Epididymal
- Seminal outflow

How does semen analysis help?

It helps you decide....

- 1) Is infertility due to male factor?
- 2) If male fertility present, how severe is it?
- 3) Does the couple require specialist referral?

Semen analysis

M3293347 Collect D/T: 21/09/2	015 0845 Rece Order account	0845 Receive D/T: 21/09/2015 0900 Order account #: 100003 Order location: GPE		
Order physician: GP RODGE	RS, S			
Analysis 1				
(S) Volume of Semen	4.8	mL	(2549)	
(S) No of sperm per ml of	94.5	10*6/mL	(2549)	
semen				
(S) % Progressive motility	69	%	(2549)	
(S) % Total motility	77	%	(2549)	
(S) Time from ejaculation to	55	min	(2549)	
test				
(S) Viscosity	Normal		(2549)	
(S) Acidity	7.7		(2549)	
(S) Nucleated cells not sperm	Occasional		(2549)	
(S) Esterase Test	NOT TESTED		(2549)	
(S) MAR	NEGATIVE		(2549)	
(S) Abstinence	7	d	(2549)	
(S) Vitality	NOT TESTED	%	(2549)	
(S) Comment	NORMAL FORMS SEEN		(2549)	
(S) Semen Diagnostic Ref			(496)	
Values				
(NOTE)				
Normal semen profile.				
Reference values based on 5t	h Centile of a WHO patient cohort	. They		
must be used in clinical conte	xt and do not represent minimal v	values		
for natural conception which r	emain elusive.			
Semen Volume 1.5mL.				
Sperm Concentration 15 millio	on per mL.			
Total Sperm Numbers 39 milli	on per ejaculate.			
Progressive Motility 32%, Tota	al Motility 40%.			
Sperm Morphology 4%, Norm	al forms.			

Looking at a semen sample under microscopy

- Incubate sample for 30min for liquefaction
- Test 100ul semen in Leja 20 chamber
- Multiply up to quantify sperm number / ml
- You <u>cannot</u> test the whole sample





What if you cannot see any sperm?

- Normal magnification (eg. Leja 20)
- Could be 0 50,000 sperm / ml

- <u>Use higher magnification (eg.</u>
 <u>Leja 100)</u>
- If you still see nothing, could be 0 - 5000 sperm / ml



It is difficult to quantify sperm at low concentrations

• This is why reports often say 'occasional sperm seen'

Centres for Disease Control and Prevention/ National Centre of Health Statistics. 2006-10.



Sperm count varies a lot in healthy men



Limitations of semen analysis

- Big biological variation
- Sampling error, particularly at low concentrations
- Counting error they move!!!!

Important request a confirmatory semen analysis in your patient

Computer Aided Semen Analysis (CASA)

- Good for high concentrations
- Not good at low concentrations
- (need to confirm with manual count)
- WE HAVE DISCONTINIUED CASA



Which numbers should we focus on?

- Ejaculate volume should be >2ml
 - <0.5 indicates seminal outflow
- **Sperm concentration** should be >20million
 - 5-20: possible to conceive naturally, but may take a bit longer
 - <5: difficult to conceive naturally</p>
- Total motility should be >40%
 - <20-40: possible to conceive naturally, but may take a bit longer
 - < 20: difficult to conceive naturally</p>

Total motile sperm count

=volume x concentration x (total motility/100)

- >39 million = WHO reference range (i.e. normal fertility / above 5th centile)
- <5 million = difficult to conceive naturally suggest referral
- 5-39 million = possible to conceive naturally, but may take a bit longer
 suggest referral

Which numbers should we focus on?

- Evidence of white cells may indicate infection:
 - Esterase high
 - Peroxidase high
 - Lots of 'Nucleated cells not sperm (NCNS)'
 - Lots of 'Round cells'
- Morphology (>4% is normal)
 - Poor repeatability, difficult to interpret
 - Unsure what this adds, except for the IVF setting

Worked examples

Centres for Disease Control and Prevention/ National Centre of Health Statistics. 2006-10.

Patient 1

M3293347 Collect D/T: 21/09/2	015 0845 Order	Receive D/T: 21/09/	2015 0900
Order physician	oraci	account an accoust of ac	
Analysis 1	and the second		
(S) Volume of Semen	4.8	mL	(2549)
(S) No of sperm per ml of semen	94.5	10*6/mL	(2549)
(S) % Progressive motility	69	%	(2549)
(S) % Total motility	77	%	(2549)
(S) Time from ejaculation to test	55	min	(2549)
(S) Viscosity	Normal		(2549)
(S) Acidity	7.7		(2549)
(S) Nucleated cells not sperm	Occasional		(2549)
(S) Esterase Test	NOT TESTED		(2549)
(S) MAR	NEGATIVE		(2549)
(S) Abstinence	7	d	(2549)
(S) Vitality	NOT TESTED	%	(2549)
(S) Comment	NORMAL FORMS	SEEN	(2549)
(S) Semen Diagnostic Ref Values			(496)

Patient 2

W3265593 Collect D/T: 09/09/2	015 1020 Receive I Order account #: 1	D/T: 09/09/2 00003 Order	2015 1037 location: GPH
Order physician:			
(S) Volume of Semen	3.6	mL	(1374)
(S) No of sperm per ml of semen	VERY OCC NON PROGRESSIVE SPERM SEEN	10*6/mL	(1374)
(S) % Progressive motility	Not applicable	%	(1374)
(S) % Total motility	Not applicable	%	(1374)
(S) Time from ejaculation to	60	min	(1374)
test			
(S) Viscosity	Normal		(1374)
(S) Acidity	8.0		(1374)
(S) Nucleated cells not sperm			(1374)
(S) Esterase Test	NOTTESTED		(1374)
(S) MAR	Not readable		(1374)
(S) Abstinence	3 Unavitable annuls	a	(1374)
(S) Vitality		%	(1374)
(S) Comment	CEE OVERLEAS		(1374)
(5) Semen Diagnostic Rer	SEE OVERLEAF		(181)

Patient 3

M3309885 Collect D/T: 28/09/2015 10 SECOND		L050 Receive D/T: 28/09/2015 1124			
		Order account #: 30354175	Order	location: HHOP	
Order physician: Analysis 1					
(S) Volume of Semen	2.0		mL	(2549)	
(S) No of sperm per ml of semen	NO SPER	M SEEN	10*6/mL	(2549)	
(S) % Progressive motility	Not appli	cable	%	(2549)	
(S) % Total motility	Not appli	cable	%	(2549)	
(S) Time from ejaculation to	60		min	(2549)	
test					
(S) Viscosity	Normal			(2549)	
(S) Acidity	8.0			(2549)	
(S) Nucleated cells not sperm	Occasiona	al		(2549)	
(S) Esterase Test	NOT TES	TED		(2549)	
(S) MAR	NOT TES	TED		(2549)	
(S) Abstinence	4		d	(2549)	
(S) Vitality	NOT TEST	TED	%	(2549)	
(S) Comment	UNSUITA	BLE FOR MORPHOLOGY		(2549)	
(S) Semen Diagnostic Ref	Not appli	cable		(496)	
Values					

Summary

- **Ejaculate volume** should be >2ml
- **Sperm concentration** should be >20million / ml
- **Total motility** should be >40%
- Total motile count (TMC) should be >39 million / ejaculate
- Morphology is not a reliable test
- Refer patients with abnormal tests <u>early</u> (best chance of preventing IVF)

Please contact us

- Male fertility clinic joint urology endocrinology
- Testicular sperm retrieval (Mr. J. Ramsay)
- Diagnostic semen analysis
- Sperm cryopreservation

Dr. Channa Jayasena, Consultant Department of Andrology, Hammersmith Hospital <u>c.jayasena@imperial.ac.uk</u> 07799400094